

REAL RAPID TRANSIT.

A Puzzling Problem Believed About to be Solved at Last By THE BOYNTON BICYCLE RAILWAY.

Description of the First Locomotive, Now on its Way to be Tested. SPEED COMBINED WITH SAFETY.

How the Wonderful Iron Horse is to be Kept on a Single Track.

A trial trip is to be made this week on the Sea Beach Railroad, of the new bicycle locomotive, which is expected to solve the problem of rapid and economical transit.

SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. NEW YORK, August 26.—The first locomotive made for the Boynton Bicycle Railway Company left Portland, Me., on a truck attached to a train on Saturday morning for New York.

From other reliable sources it is learned that old prisoners have made use of Latimer's money and secured outside influence to escape from the prison.

From other reliable sources it is learned that old prisoners have made use of Latimer's money and secured outside influence to escape from the prison.

From other reliable sources it is learned that old prisoners have made use of Latimer's money and secured outside influence to escape from the prison.

From other reliable sources it is learned that old prisoners have made use of Latimer's money and secured outside influence to escape from the prison.

From other reliable sources it is learned that old prisoners have made use of Latimer's money and secured outside influence to escape from the prison.

From other reliable sources it is learned that old prisoners have made use of Latimer's money and secured outside influence to escape from the prison.

From other reliable sources it is learned that old prisoners have made use of Latimer's money and secured outside influence to escape from the prison.

From other reliable sources it is learned that old prisoners have made use of Latimer's money and secured outside influence to escape from the prison.

From other reliable sources it is learned that old prisoners have made use of Latimer's money and secured outside influence to escape from the prison.

From other reliable sources it is learned that old prisoners have made use of Latimer's money and secured outside influence to escape from the prison.

From other reliable sources it is learned that old prisoners have made use of Latimer's money and secured outside influence to escape from the prison.

From other reliable sources it is learned that old prisoners have made use of Latimer's money and secured outside influence to escape from the prison.

From other reliable sources it is learned that old prisoners have made use of Latimer's money and secured outside influence to escape from the prison.

From other reliable sources it is learned that old prisoners have made use of Latimer's money and secured outside influence to escape from the prison.

From other reliable sources it is learned that old prisoners have made use of Latimer's money and secured outside influence to escape from the prison.

From other reliable sources it is learned that old prisoners have made use of Latimer's money and secured outside influence to escape from the prison.

From other reliable sources it is learned that old prisoners have made use of Latimer's money and secured outside influence to escape from the prison.

From other reliable sources it is learned that old prisoners have made use of Latimer's money and secured outside influence to escape from the prison.

From other reliable sources it is learned that old prisoners have made use of Latimer's money and secured outside influence to escape from the prison.

From other reliable sources it is learned that old prisoners have made use of Latimer's money and secured outside influence to escape from the prison.

From other reliable sources it is learned that old prisoners have made use of Latimer's money and secured outside influence to escape from the prison.

From other reliable sources it is learned that old prisoners have made use of Latimer's money and secured outside influence to escape from the prison.

From other reliable sources it is learned that old prisoners have made use of Latimer's money and secured outside influence to escape from the prison.

From other reliable sources it is learned that old prisoners have made use of Latimer's money and secured outside influence to escape from the prison.

From other reliable sources it is learned that old prisoners have made use of Latimer's money and secured outside influence to escape from the prison.

A PATH TO LIBERTY

For 800 Prisoners Who Have Been Opened by Breaking Up the Jail—The Prisoners Just in the Nick of Time.

JACKSON, Mich., August 26.—A great sensation has been unseated at the State prison. The matricide, Irving Latimer, whose crime and trial attracted such widespread attention, has been detected in a plot to blow up the prison, and a quantity of explosive has been found within the prison walls.

For six weeks past the Warden has expected that Latimer was at the head of a daring and devilish scheme to blow up the prison, and he has been watched closely.

From other reliable sources it is learned that old prisoners have made use of Latimer's money and secured outside influence to escape from the prison.

From other reliable sources it is learned that old prisoners have made use of Latimer's money and secured outside influence to escape from the prison.

From other reliable sources it is learned that old prisoners have made use of Latimer's money and secured outside influence to escape from the prison.

From other reliable sources it is learned that old prisoners have made use of Latimer's money and secured outside influence to escape from the prison.

From other reliable sources it is learned that old prisoners have made use of Latimer's money and secured outside influence to escape from the prison.

From other reliable sources it is learned that old prisoners have made use of Latimer's money and secured outside influence to escape from the prison.

From other reliable sources it is learned that old prisoners have made use of Latimer's money and secured outside influence to escape from the prison.

From other reliable sources it is learned that old prisoners have made use of Latimer's money and secured outside influence to escape from the prison.

From other reliable sources it is learned that old prisoners have made use of Latimer's money and secured outside influence to escape from the prison.

From other reliable sources it is learned that old prisoners have made use of Latimer's money and secured outside influence to escape from the prison.

From other reliable sources it is learned that old prisoners have made use of Latimer's money and secured outside influence to escape from the prison.

From other reliable sources it is learned that old prisoners have made use of Latimer's money and secured outside influence to escape from the prison.

From other reliable sources it is learned that old prisoners have made use of Latimer's money and secured outside influence to escape from the prison.

From other reliable sources it is learned that old prisoners have made use of Latimer's money and secured outside influence to escape from the prison.

From other reliable sources it is learned that old prisoners have made use of Latimer's money and secured outside influence to escape from the prison.

From other reliable sources it is learned that old prisoners have made use of Latimer's money and secured outside influence to escape from the prison.

From other reliable sources it is learned that old prisoners have made use of Latimer's money and secured outside influence to escape from the prison.

From other reliable sources it is learned that old prisoners have made use of Latimer's money and secured outside influence to escape from the prison.

From other reliable sources it is learned that old prisoners have made use of Latimer's money and secured outside influence to escape from the prison.

From other reliable sources it is learned that old prisoners have made use of Latimer's money and secured outside influence to escape from the prison.

From other reliable sources it is learned that old prisoners have made use of Latimer's money and secured outside influence to escape from the prison.

From other reliable sources it is learned that old prisoners have made use of Latimer's money and secured outside influence to escape from the prison.

From other reliable sources it is learned that old prisoners have made use of Latimer's money and secured outside influence to escape from the prison.

From other reliable sources it is learned that old prisoners have made use of Latimer's money and secured outside influence to escape from the prison.

From other reliable sources it is learned that old prisoners have made use of Latimer's money and secured outside influence to escape from the prison.

From other reliable sources it is learned that old prisoners have made use of Latimer's money and secured outside influence to escape from the prison.

From other reliable sources it is learned that old prisoners have made use of Latimer's money and secured outside influence to escape from the prison.

THE SOLDIER'S RIGHT

To Have the Preference in Official Appointment Defined by THE CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION.

A Dispute Over the Naming of an Indianapolis Letter Carrier

The Plain Intention of Congress Must be Strictly Adhered To.

The Civil Service Commission has defined the right of veterans to preference in official appointments. An Indianapolis case called forth the decision.

WASHINGTON, August 26.—The attention of President Lyman, of the Civil Service Commission, was to-day called to a dispatch from Indianapolis, in which it is stated that the Postmaster of Indianapolis and the local Civil Service Board, being unable to agree upon the meaning of the rules relating to the appointment to office of old soldiers, the matter was referred to the Civil Service Commission, which in its reply holds that a soldier is not to be given preference unless he was discharged from the service on account of disability contracted during his term of enlistment.

Mr. Lyman said: "The question raised by the Indianapolis Postal Board was simply to the maximum age limitation for letter carriers, the rule on the subject being as follows: 'No person shall be examined for carrier if under 21 or over 40.' In reply the board was informed that the maximum

Age limitation of 40 prescribed by the rule was held by the commission to apply to persons entitled to preference under section 1,714 Revised Statutes. To all other persons they do not apply. The dispatch to which you call attention seems to imply that the commission has made new rules that discriminate against the old soldiers in the matter of preference. This is, however, not the case; in order to have them matter perfectly clear, let me state to what persons preference is given, why it is given, and why given to those persons and not to others.

On March 3, 1885, Congress passed a joint resolution in two sections, which subsequently became sections 1,754 and 1,755 Revised Statutes, and are as follows: Section 1,754—Persons honorably discharged from the military or naval service on account of disability resulting from wounds or sickness incurred in the line of duty shall be preferred to persons applying for the same positions to civil office, provided they are found to possess the business capacity required for the proper discharge of the duties of such office.

Section 1,755—In grateful recognition of the services rendered by certain persons honorably discharged from the military or naval service of the country by reason of wounds, disease or disability, and who are found to possess the business capacity required for the proper discharge of the duties of such office.

The plain intention of Congress in this legislation is perfectly evident, namely: First—To give preference to those persons who were discharged from the military or naval service on account of wounds, disease or disability incurred in the line of duty, and who are found to possess the necessary business capacity; and, second—To recommend to the grateful recognition of persons engaged in industrial pursuits, etc., who are honorably discharged from the military or naval service, and who are found to possess the necessary business capacity; and, as to civil office, preference is clearly shown to those who were discharged from the military or naval service on account of wounds, disease or disability incurred in the line of duty, and who are found to possess the necessary business capacity.

How has the commission treated those who Congress, by this legislation, says shall be preferred? It has relieved them from all maximum age limitations; has fixed the minimum age of eligibility at 40, while for all others it is 21, and has provided that they shall be certified to appointing officers before all others of higher grades. The civil service law, therefore, gives preference to those who were discharged from the military or naval service on account of wounds, disease or disability incurred in the line of duty, and who are found to possess the necessary business capacity.

It has long been painfully evident to the commission that section 1,754 is very inequitable in its operation, and the attention of Congress to the fact has more than once been drawn to the matter; but as long as that section remains law, the civil service rules must give preference to those described in it, and not to any others in the same way or sense. Congress alone can enlarge or abridge the class to which preference shall be given.

It is also charged in the expose that in the guard house, where prisoners are packed into an enclosure 20x40 feet, the sanitary condition is terrible. There are no provisions for the ordinary care of nature and the place becomes a breeding place for vermin and their surroundings are all revolting in the extreme.

It is also charged in the expose that in the guard house, where prisoners are packed into an enclosure 20x40 feet, the sanitary condition is terrible. There are no provisions for the ordinary care of nature and the place becomes a breeding place for vermin and their surroundings are all revolting in the extreme.

It is also charged in the expose that in the guard house, where prisoners are packed into an enclosure 20x40 feet, the sanitary condition is terrible. There are no provisions for the ordinary care of nature and the place becomes a breeding place for vermin and their surroundings are all revolting in the extreme.

It is also charged in the expose that in the guard house, where prisoners are packed into an enclosure 20x40 feet, the sanitary condition is terrible. There are no provisions for the ordinary care of nature and the place becomes a breeding place for vermin and their surroundings are all revolting in the extreme.

It is also charged in the expose that in the guard house, where prisoners are packed into an enclosure 20x40 feet, the sanitary condition is terrible. There are no provisions for the ordinary care of nature and the place becomes a breeding place for vermin and their surroundings are all revolting in the extreme.

It is also charged in the expose that in the guard house, where prisoners are packed into an enclosure 20x40 feet, the sanitary condition is terrible. There are no provisions for the ordinary care of nature and the place becomes a breeding place for vermin and their surroundings are all revolting in the extreme.

It is also charged in the expose that in the guard house, where prisoners are packed into an enclosure 20x40 feet, the sanitary condition is terrible. There are no provisions for the ordinary care of nature and the place becomes a breeding place for vermin and their surroundings are all revolting in the extreme.

It is also charged in the expose that in the guard house, where prisoners are packed into an enclosure 20x40 feet, the sanitary condition is terrible. There are no provisions for the ordinary care of nature and the place becomes a breeding place for vermin and their surroundings are all revolting in the extreme.

It is also charged in the expose that in the guard house, where prisoners are packed into an enclosure 20x40 feet, the sanitary condition is terrible. There are no provisions for the ordinary care of nature and the place becomes a breeding place for vermin and their surroundings are all revolting in the extreme.

It is also charged in the expose that in the guard house, where prisoners are packed into an enclosure 20x40 feet, the sanitary condition is terrible. There are no provisions for the ordinary care of nature and the place becomes a breeding place for vermin and their surroundings are all revolting in the extreme.

It is also charged in the expose that in the guard house, where prisoners are packed into an enclosure 20x40 feet, the sanitary condition is terrible. There are no provisions for the ordinary care of nature and the place becomes a breeding place for vermin and their surroundings are all revolting in the extreme.

It is also charged in the expose that in the guard house, where prisoners are packed into an enclosure 20x40 feet, the sanitary condition is terrible. There are no provisions for the ordinary care of nature and the place becomes a breeding place for vermin and their surroundings are all revolting in the extreme.

It is also charged in the expose that in the guard house, where prisoners are packed into an enclosure 20x40 feet, the sanitary condition is terrible. There are no provisions for the ordinary care of nature and the place becomes a breeding place for vermin and their surroundings are all revolting in the extreme.

It is also charged in the expose that in the guard house, where prisoners are packed into an enclosure 20x40 feet, the sanitary condition is terrible. There are no provisions for the ordinary care of nature and the place becomes a breeding place for vermin and their surroundings are all revolting in the extreme.

It is also charged in the expose that in the guard house, where prisoners are packed into an enclosure 20x40 feet, the sanitary condition is terrible. There are no provisions for the ordinary care of nature and the place becomes a breeding place for vermin and their surroundings are all revolting in the extreme.

It is also charged in the expose that in the guard house, where prisoners are packed into an enclosure 20x40 feet, the sanitary condition is terrible. There are no provisions for the ordinary care of nature and the place becomes a breeding place for vermin and their surroundings are all revolting in the extreme.

It is also charged in the expose that in the guard house, where prisoners are packed into an enclosure 20x40 feet, the sanitary condition is terrible. There are no provisions for the ordinary care of nature and the place becomes a breeding place for vermin and their surroundings are all revolting in the extreme.

It is also charged in the expose that in the guard house, where prisoners are packed into an enclosure 20x40 feet, the sanitary condition is terrible. There are no provisions for the ordinary care of nature and the place becomes a breeding place for vermin and their surroundings are all revolting in the extreme.

OPENS IN EIGHT DAYS.

Some Unique Features of the Great Exposition—What Has Been Accomplished in Twenty-four Hours.

In just 192 hours and no minutes from 8 o'clock last night the splendid Exposition buildings will be opened to the public, and probably not until then will the people appreciate the immensity of the venture at the "Point."

The affair has grown by degrees and such small gratulations as that, that the fall breath of this public enterprise will not be appreciated until the doors are thrown open, when the whole affair will burst upon the visitor at once.

Some of the stands were begun yesterday, and not the least of these is the exhibit of the Mile End spool cotton, from Newark, N. J. At this stand the housewife, whose unending fingers have plied the spinning wheel from day to day, will see and learn just how every fiber in the thread is made; and disgusted bachelors, who now and then stantly see on an exhibition of the thread from day to day, will see and learn just how every fiber in the thread is made; and disgusted bachelors, who now and then stantly see on an exhibition of the thread from day to day, will see and learn just how every fiber in the thread is made.

The Collins Cigar Company, of this city, is located in a building which is the gallery. It is to consist of a tobacco plantation in full swing, with the growing leaf in the foreground, and the fields stretching back to the horizon, and the sky above, and the whole to be so cleverly joined that an expert will not be able to tell where the real weed ends and the paint begins. Then a dozen men, dressed in the uniform of the company, will be seen in the foreground, and the whole to be so cleverly joined that an expert will not be able to tell where the real weed ends and the paint begins.

Other unique stands are springing up, but they will receive their full description when the Exposition opens.

Speaking of stands, it is a pity President Marvin did not carry out his original intention, but why he did not, may be grumbled about by some exhibitors who have grumbled about it.

S. S. Marvin had applied for and been granted a large space in the center of the building opposite the great entrance, where it was his intention to erect a miniature Eiffel tower reaching to the ceiling. He had gone to considerable trouble and expense in preparing to erect a perfect model of the tower, worked by electric motor, with figures ascending the steps and elevator, and appearing and disappearing on the platform. Some of the exhibitors, however, began to come in in regard to shortage of space, and rather than see this, Mr. Marvin gracefully relinquished his space, and his trouble and expense went for naught. It was a pity, however, his clever idea was not tried out, though it may be next year, should he decide upon erecting a tower in the open air on the grounds.

Work on Machinery Hall is going along smoothly and rapidly every day bringing marked change for the better. The entire floor is being put in place, and the great boilers and engines are being put in place. The restaurant is being increased daily, and yesterday Mr. Johnston gave orders to a score of trusty men for handsome uniforms.

Parker's Hair Balsam aids the hair growth.

The Exposition Opening.

The Exposition will open next week and your friends and relations from all over the country will be in see you. Don't forget the bakers at such a time; get Marvin's bread, crackers and cakes and be happy.

Wanted—2,000 housekeepers to read our "ad" in this paper to-day.

Mothers, bring children to Aufrecht's Elite Factory, 516 Market street, Pittsburgh. Use elevator. Cabinets \$1 per dozen, proof shown.

Wanted—2,000 housekeepers to read our "ad" in this paper to-day.

Mothers, bring children to Aufrecht's Elite Factory, 516 Market street, Pittsburgh. Use elevator. Cabinets \$1 per dozen, proof shown.

Wanted—2,000 housekeepers to read our "ad" in this paper to-day.

Mothers, bring children to Aufrecht's Elite Factory, 516 Market street, Pittsburgh. Use elevator. Cabinets \$1 per dozen, proof shown.

Wanted—2,000 housekeepers to read our "ad" in this paper to-day.

Mothers, bring children to Aufrecht's Elite Factory, 516 Market street, Pittsburgh. Use elevator. Cabinets \$1 per dozen, proof shown.

Wanted—2,000 housekeepers to read our "ad" in this paper to-day.

Mothers, bring children to Aufrecht's Elite Factory, 516 Market street, Pittsburgh. Use elevator. Cabinets \$1 per dozen, proof shown.

Wanted—2,000 housekeepers to read our "ad" in this paper to-day.

Mothers, bring children to Aufrecht's Elite Factory, 516 Market street, Pittsburgh. Use elevator. Cabinets \$1 per dozen, proof shown.

Wanted—2,000 housekeepers to read our "ad" in this paper to-day.

Mothers, bring children to Aufrecht's Elite Factory, 516 Market street, Pittsburgh. Use elevator. Cabinets \$1 per dozen, proof shown.

Wanted—2,000 housekeepers to read our "ad" in this paper to-day.

Mothers, bring children to Aufrecht's Elite Factory, 516 Market street, Pittsburgh. Use elevator. Cabinets \$1 per dozen, proof shown.

Wanted—2,000 housekeepers to read our "ad" in this paper to-day.

Mothers, bring children to Aufrecht's Elite Factory, 516 Market street, Pittsburgh. Use elevator. Cabinets \$1 per dozen, proof shown.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SYRUP OF FIGS. J. DIAMOND, Optician, 22 Sixth Street, Pittsburgh. Specialties: Spectacles, eye-ear adjusted to every defect of sight. Field and Opera Glasses, Telescopes, Microscopes, Barometers, Thermometers.

Health, Happiness. How important that children grow up healthy, and how every eye should be examined before it is too late. Artificial Eyes made to order and warranted. Always on hand large and complete stock.

FIGS OF CALIFORNIA. Combined with the medicinal virtues of plants known to be most beneficial to the human system, forming an agreeable and effective laxative to permanently cure Habitual Constipation, and the many ills depending on a weak or inactive condition of the KIDNEYS, LIVER AND BOWELS.

EL FOX. PATENT AND MATH. OPTICIAN. Patentee and sole manufacturer of the Eureka Eye Glass. No chain required. Eureka nose and bow fitted to the face. Glasses formerly removed before it is too late.

W. M. E. SPIEREN, Optician, 64 SMITHFIELD ST., PITTSBURGH, PA. PATENTS. O. D. LEVINS, Solicitor of Patents, 151 Fifth Avenue, New York, N. Y.

RAILROADS. PITTSBURGH AND WESTERN RAILWAY. Trains (City Standard time) Leave. Arrive.

PITTSBURGH AND LAKE ERIE RAILROAD. COMPANY'S Schedule in effect June 2, 1889. Central time. DEPART—For Cleveland, 5:30 a. m.

Optical, Mathematical and Engineering Instruments and Materials. Prof. KORNBLUM, Theoretical and Practical Optician, No. 50 Fifth Avenue, Telephone No. 1066.

W. L. DOUGLAS, BROOKTON, MASS. \$3 SHOE FOR GENTLEMEN. A fine seamless calf shoe, with Genuflex points and leather bottoms.

W. L. DOUGLAS \$3 SHOE FOR GENTLEMEN. A fine seamless calf shoe, with Genuflex points and leather bottoms.

W. L. DOUGLAS \$3 SHOE FOR GENTLEMEN. A fine seamless calf shoe, with Genuflex points and leather bottoms.

W. L. DOUGLAS \$3 SHOE FOR GENTLEMEN. A fine seamless calf shoe, with Genuflex points and leather bottoms.

W. L. DOUGLAS \$3 SHOE FOR GENTLEMEN. A fine seamless calf shoe, with Genuflex points and leather bottoms.

W. L. DOUGLAS \$3 SHOE FOR GENTLEMEN. A fine seamless calf shoe, with Genuflex points and leather bottoms.

W. L. DOUGLAS \$3 SHOE FOR GENTLEMEN. A fine seamless calf shoe, with Genuflex points and leather bottoms.

W. L. DOUGLAS \$3 SHOE FOR GENTLEMEN. A fine seamless calf shoe, with Genuflex points and leather bottoms.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

W. L. DOUGLAS, BROOKTON, MASS. \$3 SHOE FOR GENTLEMEN. A fine seamless calf shoe, with Genuflex points and leather bottoms.

W. L. DOUGLAS, BROOKTON, MASS. \$3 SHOE FOR GENTLEMEN. A fine seamless calf shoe, with Genuflex points and leather bottoms.

W. L. DOUGLAS, BROOKTON, MASS. \$3 SHOE FOR GENTLEMEN. A fine seamless calf shoe, with Genuflex points and leather bottoms.

W. L. DOUGLAS, BROOKTON, MASS. \$3 SHOE FOR GENTLEMEN. A fine seamless calf shoe, with Genuflex points and leather bottoms.

W. L. DOUGLAS, BROOKTON, MASS. \$3 SHOE FOR GENTLEMEN. A fine seamless calf shoe, with Genuflex points and leather bottoms.

W. L. DOUGLAS, BROOKTON, MASS. \$3 SHOE FOR GENTLEMEN. A fine seamless calf shoe, with Genuflex points and leather bottoms.

W. L. DOUGLAS, BROOKTON, MASS. \$3 SHOE FOR GENTLEMEN. A fine seamless calf shoe, with Genuflex points and leather bottoms.

W. L. DOUGLAS, BROOKTON, MASS. \$3 SHOE FOR GENTLEMEN. A fine seamless calf shoe, with Genuflex points and leather bottoms.

W. L. DOUGLAS, BROOKTON, MASS. \$3 SHOE FOR GENTLEMEN. A fine seamless calf shoe, with Genuflex points and leather bottoms.

W. L. DOUGLAS, BROOKTON, MASS. \$3 SHOE FOR GENTLEMEN. A fine seamless calf shoe, with Genuflex points and leather bottoms.

W. L. DOUGLAS, BROOKTON, MASS. \$3 SHOE FOR GENTLEMEN. A fine seamless calf shoe, with Genuflex points and leather bottoms.

W. L. DOUGLAS, BROOKTON, MASS. \$3 SHOE FOR GENTLEMEN. A fine seamless calf shoe, with Genuflex points and leather bottoms.

W. L. DOUGLAS, BROOKTON, MASS. \$3 SHOE FOR GENTLEMEN. A fine seamless calf shoe, with Genuflex points and leather bottoms.

W. L. DOUGLAS, BROOKTON, MASS. \$3 SHOE FOR GENTLEMEN. A fine seamless calf shoe, with Genuflex points and leather bottoms.

W. L. DOUGLAS, BROOKTON, MASS. \$3 SHOE FOR GENTLEMEN. A fine seamless calf shoe, with Genuflex points and leather bottoms.

W. L. DOUGLAS, BROOKTON, MASS. \$3 SHOE FOR GENTLEMEN. A fine seamless calf shoe, with Genuflex points and leather bottoms.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

KAUFMANN'S SHOE SUBJECT. There is a balance of summer stock in this department that we must go—and go quickly. We mean it sincerely. We intend to do what we said we'd do when we started our great Building and Enlarging Sale three weeks ago—clean out every article and garment at away below the regular price.

Men's Low Shoes. Ladies' Low Shoes. Men's genuine Kangaroo hand-made Southern Ties, medium wide toes, without a tip; all widths and sizes; our regular price is \$6—Building and Enlarging Sale Price \$4.

Men's fine hand-made genuine Kangaroo Oxfords, Strap Ties, Prince Alberts and Low Button; all widths and sizes; never sold for less than \$5—Building and Enlarging Sale Price \$3.

Men's fine Kangaroo Oxfords and Prince Alberts, fine machine-sewed, plain and tipped toes; all widths and sizes; regular prices \$4—Building and Enlarging Sale Price \$2.50.

Men's Calf Low Button and Prince Alberts, plain and tipped toes, machine-sewed; broken sizes; always sold for \$2.50 and \$2—Building and Enlarging Sale Price \$1.50.

Children's Low Shoes. Misses' Low Shoes, Slippers. Children's extra grade Lace Oxfords, spring heels, hand-sewed; sizes 3 1/2 to 10 1/2; regular price \$1.75—Building and Enlarging Sale Price 98c.

Children's fine Dongola Slippers, spring heels, hand-tipped; sizes 10 to 12 1/2; usual price \$1—Building and Enlarging Sale Price 69c.

Children's fine Dongola hand-turned Lace Oxfords and Low Button, spring heels; sizes 3 1/2 to 10 1/2; regular price \$1—Building and Enlarging Sale Price 50c.